

2019年度・学力考査問題

【英語】

(高校第1回)

注 意

1. 試験時間は50分です。
2. 答えはすべて解答用紙にはっきりと記入下さい。
3. 解答用紙のみ試験終了後集めます。
4. 問題は11ページで①から⑧まであります。開始の合図で必ず確認し、そろっていない場合はすぐに手をあげ下さい。

1

次の[A]・[B]の問いに答えなさい。

[A] 次の(a)~(c)の各組で、下線部の発音が他の3つと異なるものを1~4の中から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(a) 1. hobby 2. monkey 3. above 4. wonder

(b) 1. realize 2. Korean 3. treasure 4. theater

(c) 1. decrease 2. confuse 3. disease 4. advise

[B] 次の(a)・(b)の各組で、与えられた語の第一アクセント（第一強勢）の位置が他の3つと異なるものを1~4の中から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(a) 1. collect 2. survive 3. custom 4. invent

(b) 1. activi-ty 2. mathe-matics 3. environment 4. impossible

2

次の(a)~(e)の文の[]に入れるのに最もふさわしい語をそれぞれ答えなさい。

ただし、[]に与えられた文字で始めること。

(a) A [v] is a long journey, especially by sea or in space.

(b) A [l] is a flat green part of a plant. It grows from a branch.

(c) A [r] sometimes appears in the sky when the sun shines through rain.

(d) "What subject do you like best?"

"My [f] subject is English, of course."

(e) To [f] is to come or go after a person or a thing.

3

次の(a)～(e)の会話文で、()に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを1～4の中から1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(a) A : What would you like to order, sir?

B : I'll have steak and lobster.

A : How would you like your steak?

B : ()

1. That would be nice.
2. Well-done, please.
3. They were delicious, thanks.
4. No, thank you.

(b) A : Why don't we have dinner together next Tuesday?

B : That's a good idea.

A : ()

B : Yes, I think I can.

1. You can stay home in the morning.
2. Where is the restaurant?
3. Because it's a good restaurant.
4. Can you come about six o'clock?

(c) A : How long are you going to be in Kyoto?

B : () So we have two more days.

A : Enjoy your stay!

1. A tour by taxi in Kyoto must be interesting.
2. The bus tour leaves soon.
3. We went by airplane from Osaka.
4. We came here two days ago.

(d) A : Excuse me. Could you tell me how to get to Omotesando Hills from here?

B : ()

A : Which line should I take?

B : Take the Chiyoda Line to Omotesando Station. It's near the station.

1. Shall I call a taxi?
2. I'm sorry, but I don't know where it is.
3. Well, the best way is to go by train.
4. It is about twenty minutes from here on foot.

(e) [on the phone]

A : Dr. White's office. Can I help you?

B : Yes, my daughter has a terrible stomachache. Can she see the doctor today?

A : I'm afraid he's very busy today, ()

B : I don't think she can wait so long. I'll try another doctor. Thanks, anyway.

1. but he can see her at 9:00 tomorrow morning.
2. but we can give you some medicine.
3. but he will see your daughter as soon as you come here.
4. but we can come and wait in our office if you like.

4

次の(a)~(e)の日本語の意味に合うように英文をつくる時、(イ)(ロ)に入れるのに最もふさわしい語をそれぞれ答えなさい。

(a) 日本文化に興味があるなら、歌舞伎を観てはどうですか。

What (イ) watching Kabuki if you are interested (ロ) Japanese culture?

(b) はるばるカナダから来てくれてありがとう。

It is very nice (イ) you to come all the (ロ) from Canada.

(c) 今後は何でも一人でできるように努力します。

In the (イ), I'll try my best (ロ) that I can do anything by myself.

(d) ほとんど毎朝、起きるのがつらい。

I have a hard (イ) getting up (ロ) every morning.

(e) 近頃、非常に多くの人インターネットで買い物をします。

A great (イ) of people buy something on the Internet (ロ) days.

5

次の(a)~(c)の1~7の語(句)を並べかえたとき、(イ)(ロ)に入れるものをそれぞれ番号で答えなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語(句)も小文字にしてあります。

(a) () () (イ) () () (ロ) () in the race.

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|------|
| 1. looking | 2. taking | 3. am | 4. I |
| 5. to | 6. part | 7. forward | |

(b) () () (イ) () () () (ロ) .

- | | | | |
|--------|--------|----------|------------------|
| 1. as | 2. so | 3. it is | 4. was yesterday |
| 5. hot | 6. not | 7. it | |

(c) You () () (イ) () () () (ロ) now.

- | | | | |
|--------|--------|-----------|----------|
| 1. to | 2. had | 3. right | 4. speak |
| 5. not | 6. her | 7. better | |

6

次の日本語を英語に直しなさい。なお、()内に与えられた語をそのままの形で順に用いること。

私は、英語だけでなくフランス語も話す少年に偶然会った。

(happened, spoke, but)

7

次の英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Most people in Australia live in cities along the coast. Very few people live in the huge middle area. Houses in the area are far away from (イ). Australians call this part of the country “the *Outback.” In the past, when people in the Outback had an accident or got very sick, there were no doctors nearby to take care of them. Today, people in the Outback can call a special service called the Royal Flying Doctor Service and get *medical advice in a few minutes. The Royal Flying Doctors use airplanes to reach people in places that don’t have doctors.

A *minister, Reverend John Flynn, started the Royal Flying Doctor Service in the 1920s. He often traveled by truck through central and northern Australia for his church. He understood a lot of people died because there was no doctor around them. He thought, “There must be some way to help these people. First, I will build (ロ) for them.”

Flynn worked very hard, and by 1927, there were ten small hospitals in central and northern Australia. Nurses took care of the sick and *injured people. But Flynn was not satisfied. He had hospitals and nurses, but he didn’t have many doctors. And there was another problem. It was difficult for the doctors to treat people who still lived far away from the hospitals. Then, he had (ハ)an idea! “The doctors can travel by airplane. We will also build a place for a plane to land near every Outback home.” Many people laughed at the idea. Airplane travel in 1927 was a new and dangerous thing.

There was one more problem : people so far away couldn’t *get in touch with a doctor. Flynn said, “We will use a *radio to send and receive messages.” At that time, radios could not work in most of the Outback because there was no (ニ). But an engineer invented a radio that worked with a foot *pedal. With this invention people were able to ask for help from far away.

Everything was ready. The Royal Flying Doctor Service began in May 1928. The Service was a great success, and Flynn was very happy. In the first year, doctors made fifty flights. They flew 18,000 miles, helped 225 people, and saved 4 lives. Flynn now wanted (ホ) [1. in all 2. to 3. of 4. the Service 5. parts 6. be] the Outback. His church did not have enough money for this plan, so the different states in Australia agreed to help. Each state built one or two hospitals.

In 1942, the Royal Flying Doctor Service *came up with another good idea. Every home in the Outback got a carefully prepared *first-aid kit. Each kit had the same *drugs,

*bandages, and so on. Everything in the kit had its own special number. Later, the kits had a picture of the human body with a number for each different part. When people got sick or injured, they used the (へ) to call the medical center. The doctor asked about the problem by number. Then the doctor told the caller to use medicine from the kit by numbers, too. For example, the doctor said, “(ト) Take one pill from number 8 every three hours.” or “Put number 22 on your injured leg.”

Today there are 3,000 medical kits, 22 hospitals, and 53 Royal Flying Doctor Service airplanes. Each year, the service helps about 274,000 people.

【注】	Outback アウトバック・奥地	medical 医療の	minister 牧師
	injured 怪我をした	get in touch with ～と連絡をとる	radio 無線機
	pedal ペダル	come up with ～を思いつく	first-aid kit 救急箱
	drug 薬	bandage 包帯	

[設問]

(a) 空所(イ)に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを次の1～4の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. the one 2. another 3. the other 4. each other

(b) 空所(ロ)に入れるのに最もふさわしい1語を本文中から抜き出してそのままの形で書きなさい。

(c) 下線部(ハ)の内容を35字以上45字以内の日本語で答えなさい。ただし、句読点も1字に数えます。

(d) 空所(ニ)に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを次の1～4の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. airport 2. road 3. electricity 4. telephone

(e) 下線部(ホ)を含む文が本文の内容に合う英文になるように、[]内の1～6の語(句)を並べかえ、番号で答えなさい。

(f) 空所(へ)に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを次の1～4の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. radio 2. medicine 3. doctor 4. airplane

(g) 下線部(ト)の意味として最もふさわしいものを次の1～4の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. 3時間かかるので、8番の薬を1錠持って行きなさい。
2. 3時間以内に、8個の薬から1錠取り出さなさい。
3. 3時間たったら、8種類の薬を1錠ずつ服用しなさい。
4. 3時間おきに、8番の薬を1錠飲みなさい。

(h) 本文の内容と一致するものを次の1～8の中から3つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. A lot of people living in the Outback don't want to move to cities along the coast.
2. The Royal Flying Doctor Service provides medical advice for people in the Outback.
3. Flynn was driving a truck and was killed in an accident on the way to his church.
4. In 1927, it was not common to travel by airplane and it was also dangerous.
5. People in the Outback could send and receive messages more easily than now.
6. Flynn's church spent all the money needed to build at least one hospital in each state in Australia.
7. A special first-aid kit was given to every home in the Outback.
8. The Royal Flying Doctor Service has helped about 274,000 people since 1928.

8

次の、Ikey(アイキー)、McGowan(マッゴワン)、Rosie(ロージー)についての英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

The Blue Light *drug store was on the East Side of New York, near First Avenue. All the medicines there were made by hand. Ikey worked there at night. A thin, clever man, with a long nose and glasses, he was friendly to all who came for help when they were ill.

Ikey lived in a room in a house not far from the drug store. His *landlady was Mrs Riddle, and she had a daughter, Rosie. Ikey was deeply in love with Rosie, but he never told her about it. (イ) That was strange, because he was very good at talking to people in the drug store.

There was another man living at Mrs Riddle's house. He was in love with Rosie, too. His name was McGowan. Ikey had no hope of winning Rosie's love, but McGowan was very hopeful. He was also Ikey's friend. He often came to the drug store, after a night fighting in the street, for something to put on a black eye or a cut.

One afternoon, he came into the drug store in a hurry, and went straight to speak to his friend Ikey.

"I need some special medicine," he said.

"Take off your coat," said Ikey. "And tell me where it hurts. Were you in a fight again? Someday you'll get a knife in your back."

"It wasn't a fight," said McGowan, with a laugh. "But you're right. It hurts under my coat — in my (□). Rosie and I are going to run away tonight to get married."

Ikey was mixing some medicine while he listened, and he tried not to drop it all on the floor.

McGowan's smiling face now looked worried.

"We first thought of the plan two weeks ago. Sometimes Rosie says 'yes' to it and sometimes 'no'. For the past two days she's said 'yes', and we're hoping to leave in five hours. I don't want her to change her plans *at the last minute."

"And (ノ) where does medicine come into it?" asked Ikey.

"Well, you see, old Mr Riddle doesn't like me. For a week now he's told Rosie not to come out with me. I'm worried that she won't want to leave tonight because of him."

"Isn't there a medicine that you can give to a woman to get her deeper love for you? I had a friend, Tim Lacy. He gave a *potion like that to his girlfriend and they got married two weeks later."

McGowan didn't notice Ikey's *knowing smile at these words of his, and he went on.

“If I can just give a love-potion to Rosie at dinner tonight, I’m sure that (ニ).”

“And when are you running away?”

“Nine o’clock. Dinner’s at seven. At eight, Rosie goes to bed with a bad head. At nine, I come round the back of the house and then she comes down the *fire escape from her window. Then we’re going straight to church to get married.”

“We have to be careful about selling love-potions. But because you’re my friend, I’ll make it for you, and you’ll see (ホ) [1. Rosie’s 2. you 3. it 4. for 5. feelings 6. how 7. changes],” said Ikey.

Then he carefully made a sleeping-potion. Anyone who took it surely slept for many hours without waking up.

(へ) He gave the potion to his friend, and told him to put it into a drink if possible. McGowan thanked him, and left.

After that, Ikey sent a note to Mr Riddle, and told him about McGowan’s plans.

Mr Riddle came to the drug store that afternoon. He was a strong, red-faced, angry man.

“Thanks for telling me, Ikey,” he said. “That *lazy man. My room is just over Rosie’s room. After dinner, I’ll wait up there with my gun. If McGowan comes this evening, he’ll go straight to hospital — and not to church — tonight.”

“Rosie falls asleep in her room, and old Riddle waits upstairs with his gun. So McGowan’s chances aren’t looking good,” thought Ikey happily after Mr Riddle left.

Next morning, at 8 o’clock, Ikey finished work and started walking to Mrs Riddle’s house (ト) to learn the latest news. There in the street he met McGowan. McGowan shook Ikey’s hand, and thanked him warmly.

“It worked,” he said with a smile. “Rosie and I are now married. You must come for dinner over at our place some time soon.”

“But the potion?!” asked Ikey.

“Oh, that!” laughed McGowan. “In the end I felt bad about *questioning Rosie’s love, but old Riddle was not friendly to me at dinner. I felt that it wasn’t right for him to be so hard on the man who wanted to marry his daughter. So I put the potion in his coffee!”

【注】 drug store 薬局 landlady 下宿屋の女主人 at the last minute 土壇場で
potion (不思議な力のある) 薬 knowing smile 意味ありげな笑い
fire escape 避難用のはしご lazy だらしない question ～を疑う

[設問]

(a) 下線部(イ)の内容を 30 字以上 40 字以内の日本語で答えなさい。ただし、句読点も 1 字に数えます。

(b) 空所(ロ)に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを次の 1～4 の中から 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. back 2. arm 3. heart 4. eye

(c) 下線部(ハ)の表す意味として最もふさわしいものを次の 1～4 の中から 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. 君の頼んだ薬はどこから薬局に入荷するの。
2. 君の飲んだ薬は体のどこの部位に効くの。
3. 君の必要な薬はどのように作られているの。
4. 君の欲しい薬はその計画にどのように関わるの。

(d) 空所(ニ)に入れるのに最もふさわしいものを次の 1～4 の中から 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. she'll come with me 2. she'll change her mind
3. she won't love me 4. she won't run away with me

(e) 下線部(ホ)が本文の内容に合う英文になるように、[] 内の 1～7 の語を並べかえ、番号で答えなさい。

(f) 下線部(ヘ)の行動をアイキーがとった理由として最もふさわしいものを次の 1～4 の中から 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. ロージーを眠らせ、マッゴーワンと結婚させないようにするため。
2. ロージーの父を眠らせ、ロージーとマッゴーワンを結婚させないようにするため。
3. ロージーの気持ちを固め、マッゴーワンと駆け落ちができるようにするため。
4. ロージーの父を落ち着かせ、ロージーとマッゴーワンに教会で式を挙げさせるため。

(g) 下線部(ト)の表す意味として最もふさわしいものを次の1～4の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. ニューヨークの最新の情報を得るために
2. ロージーの父の最新の考えを確認するために
3. マッゴワンの計画の結果を知るために
4. ロージーとマッゴワンの幸福な顔を見るために

(h) 本文の内容と一致するものを次の1～8の中から3つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. Ikey worked for the drug store from morning till late at night.
2. Ikey and McGowan lived in the same house near the drug store.
3. Ikey thought it impossible to win Rosie's love because he was not good-looking.
4. McGowan wanted to get married to Rosie as soon as possible.
5. Mr and Mrs Riddle didn't want their daughter to love McGowan.
6. Though Tim gave a love-potion to his girlfriend, she didn't like him better at all.
7. Mr Riddle didn't shoot McGowan because he found McGowan to be honest.
8. As Mr Riddle took the sleeping-potion, Rosie and McGowan were able to get married.

【英語】

解答用紙 (高校第1回)

1 [A] (a) (b) (c) [B] (a) (b)

2 (a) (b) (c)

(d) (e)

3 (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

4 (a) ㄱ □ (b) ㄷ □

(c) ㄱ □ (d) ㄷ □

(e) ㄷ □

5 (a) ㄱ □ (b) ㄷ □ (c) ㄷ □

6

7 (a) (b)

(c)																					
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35

45

(d) (e) (f) (g) (h)

8 (a)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

30

40

(b) (c) (d) (e)

(f) (g) (h)

受験番号	氏名
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得点
